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CNAS L5662



EN 50566:2017
BS EN 50566:2017

SAR TEST REPORT

For

SHENZHEN TENDA TECHNOLOGY CO.,LTD.

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Tested Model: U11

Report Type: Original Report	Product Type: AX900 Wi-Fi 6 Wireless USB Adapter
Report Number:	DG2240321-14597E-20
Report Date:	2024/04/29
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Note: This test report is prepared for the customer shown above and for the equipment described herein. It may not be duplicated or used in part without prior written consent from Bay Area Compliance Laboratories Corp.(Dongguan)

Attestation of Test Results			
EUT Information	EUT Description	AX900 Wi-Fi 6 Wireless USB Adapter	
	Tested Model	U11	
	Serial Number	2J0L-1	
	Test Date	2024/04/20	
MODE		Max. SAR Level(s) Reported(W/kg)	Limit (W/kg)
Wi-Fi 2.4G	10g Body SAR	0.414	2.0
Wi-Fi 5.2G	10g Body SAR	0.104	
Applicable Standards	EN50566: 2017 Product standard to demonstrate the compliance of wireless communication devices with the basic restrictions and exposure limit values related to human exposure to electromagnetic fields in the frequency range from 30 MHz to 6 GHz: hand-held and body mounted devices in close proximity to the human body		
	EN62209-1:2016 Measurement procedure for the assessment of specific absorption rate of human exposure to radio frequency fields from hand-held and body-mounted wireless communication devices - Part 1: Devices used next to the ear (Frequency range of 300 MHz to 6 GHz)		
	EN 62209-2:2010 Human exposure to radio frequency fields from hand-held and body-mounted wireless communication devices - Human models, instrumentation, and procedures - Part 2: Procedure to determine the specific absorption rate (SAR) for wireless communication devices used in close proximity to the human body (frequency range of 30 MHz to 6 GHz)		
	EN 62209-2:2010/A1:2019 Human exposure to radio frequency fields from hand-held and body-mounted wireless communication devices - Human models, instrumentation, and procedures - Part 2: Procedure to determine the specific absorption rate (SAR) for wireless communication devices used in close proximity to the human body (frequency range of 30 MHz to 6 GHz)		
	BS EN50566: 2017 Product standard to demonstrate the compliance of wireless communication devices with the basic restrictions and exposure limit values related to human exposure to electromagnetic fields in the frequency range from 30 MHz to 6 GHz: hand-held and body mounted devices in close proximity to the human body		
	BS EN62209-1:2016 Measurement procedure for the assessment of specific absorption rate of human exposure to radio frequency fields from hand-held and body-mounted wireless communication devices - Part 1: Devices used next to the ear (Frequency range of 300 MHz to 6 GHz)		
	BS EN 62209-2:2010+A1:2019 Human exposure to radio frequency fields from hand-held and body-mounted wireless communication devices. Human models, instrumentation, and procedures - Procedure to determine the specific absorption rate (SAR) for wireless communication devices used in close proximity to the human body (frequency range of 30 MHz to 6 GHz)		
	REDCA Technical Guidance Note 20★ SAR Testing and Assessment Guidance		
	Statement of Compliance: This wireless device has been shown to be capable of compliance for localized specific absorption rate (SAR) for General Population/Uncontrolled Exposure limits specified in Council Recommendation 1999/519/EC and has been tested in accordance with the measurement procedures specified in EN62209-1:2016 & EN62209-2:2010.		
The results and statements contained in this report pertain only to the device(s) evaluated.			

TABLE OF CONTENTS

DOCUMENT REVISION HISTORY	4
EUT DESCRIPTION	5
REFERENCE, STANDARDS, AND GUIDELINES.....	6
SAR LIMITS	6
FACILITIES.....	7
DESCRIPTION OF TEST SYSTEM	8
EQUIPMENT LIST AND CALIBRATION	13
EQUIPMENTS LIST & CALIBRATION INFORMATION	13
SAR MEASUREMENT SYSTEM VERIFICATION	14
LIQUID VERIFICATION	14
SYSTEM ACCURACY VERIFICATION	15
SAR SYSTEM VALIDATION DATA	17
EUT TEST STRATEGY AND METHODOLOGY	19
TEST POSITIONS FOR USB DONGLE DEVICE.	19
TEST DISTANCE FOR SAR EVALUATION	19
SAR EVALUATION PROCEDURE	20
CONDUCTED OUTPUT POWER MEASUREMENT	21
TEST PROCEDURE	21
TEST RESULTS:	22
SAR MEASUREMENT RESULTS	24
TEST RESULTS:	24
SAR SIMULTANEOUS TRANSMISSION DESCRIPTION	27
SAR PLOTS.....	28
APPENDIX A MEASUREMENT UNCERTAINTY	31
APPENDIX B EUT TEST POSITION PHOTOS	33
APPENDIX C EUT PHOTOS.....	36
APPENDIX D CALIBRATION CERTIFICATES	40

DOCUMENT REVISION HISTORY

Revision Number	Report Number	Description of Revision	Date of Revision
1.0	DG2240321-14597E-20	Original Report	2024/04/29

EUT DESCRIPTION

This report has been prepared on behalf of **SHENZHEN TENDA TECHNOLOGY CO.,LTD.** and their product **AX900 Wi-Fi 6 Wireless USB Adapter**, Model: **U11** or the EUT (Equipment under Test) as referred to in the rest of this report.

**All measurement and test data in this report was gathered from production sample serial number: 2J0L-1 (Assigned by BACL). The EUT was received on 2024/03/21.*

Technical Specification

Device Type:	Portable
Exposure Category:	Population / Uncontrolled
Antenna Type(s):	Internal Antenna
Body-Worn Accessories:	None
Face-Head Accessories:	None
Operation Mode:	Wi-Fi 2.4G/5.2G
Frequency Band:	Wi-Fi 2.4G: 2412-2472 MHz/2422-2462 MHz Wi-Fi 5.2G: 5150-5250 MHz
Conducted RF Power:	Wi-Fi 2.4G: 17.83 dBm Wi-Fi 5.2G: 16.98 dBm
Power Source:	DC 5V from USB Host
Normal Operation:	Close to Body

REFERENCE, STANDARDS, AND GUIDELINES

The order requires routine SAR evaluation prior to equipment authorization of portable transmitter devices, including portable telephones. For consumer products, the applicable limit is 2 mW/g as recommended by Council Recommendation 1999/519/EC for an uncontrolled environment. According to the Standard, the device should be evaluated at maximum output power (radiated from the antenna) under “worst-case” conditions for normal or intended use, incorporating normal antenna operating positions, device peak performance frequencies and positions for maximum RF energy coupling.

This report describes the methodology and results of experiments performed on wireless data terminal. The objective was to determine if there is RF radiation and if radiation is found, what is the extent of radiation with respect to safety limits. SAR (Specific Absorption Rate) is the measure of RF exposure determined by the amount of RF energy absorbed by human body (or its parts) – to determine how the RF energy couples to the body or head which is a primary health concern for body worn devices. The limit below which the exposure to RF is considered safe by regulatory bodies in Europe is 2 mW/g average over 10 gram of tissue mass.

The test configurations were laid out on a specially designed test fixture to ensure the reproducibility of measurements. Each configuration was scanned for SAR. Analysis of each scan was carried out to characterize the above effects in the device.

SAR Limits

CE Limit

EXPOSURE LIMITS	SAR (W/kg)	
	(General Population / Uncontrolled Exposure Environment)	(Occupational / Controlled Exposure Environment)
Spatial Average (averaged over the whole body)	0.08	0.4
Spatial Peak (averaged over any 10 g of tissue)	2.0	10
Spatial Peak (hands/wrists/feet/ankles averaged over 10 g)	4.0	20.0

Population/Uncontrolled Environments are defined as locations where there is the exposure of individual who have no knowledge or control of their exposure.

Occupational/Controlled Environments are defined as locations where there is exposure that may be incurred by people who are aware of the potential for exposure (i.e. as a result of employment or occupation).

General Population/Uncontrolled environments Spatial Peak limit 2 W/kg (CE) for 10g SAR applied to the EUT.

FACILITIES

The Test site used by Bay Area Compliance Laboratories Corp. (Dongguan) to collect test data is located on the No.12, Pulong East 1st Road, Tangxia Town, Dongguan, Guangdong, China.

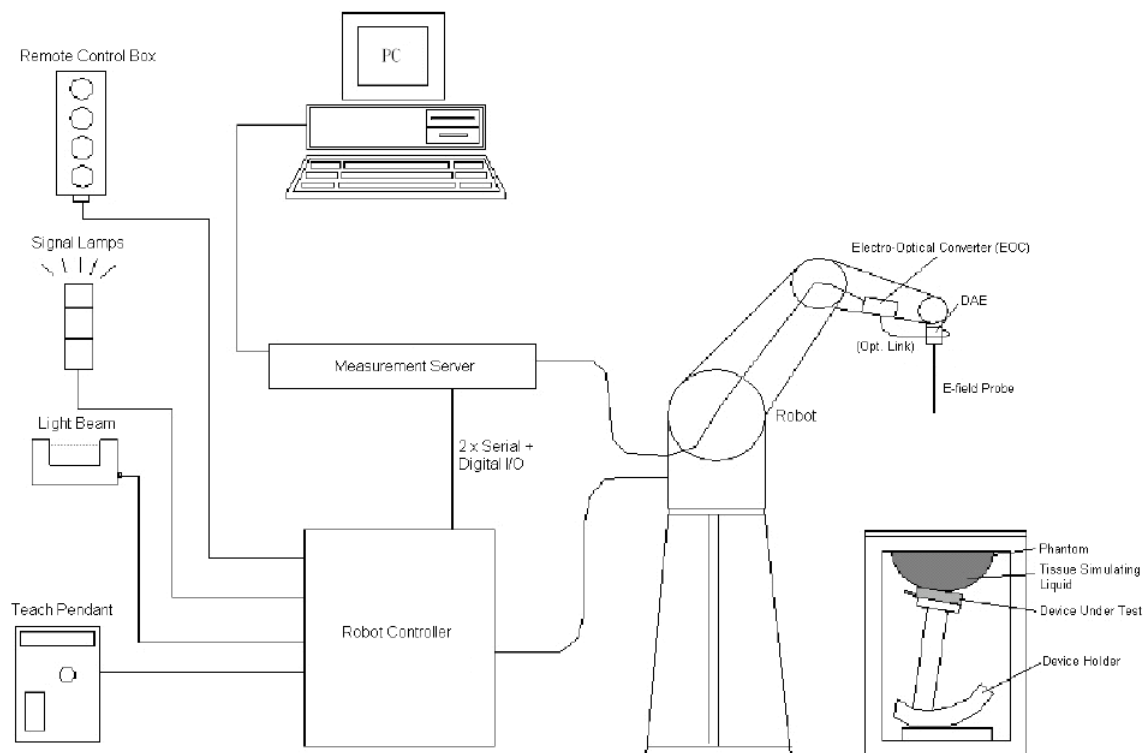
DESCRIPTION OF TEST SYSTEM

These measurements were performed with the automated near-field scanning system DASY5 from Schmid & Partner Engineering AG (SPEAG) which is the Fifth generation of the system shown in the figure hereinafter:



DASY5 System Description

The DASY5 system for performing compliance tests consists of the following items:



- A standard high precision 6-axis robot (Staubli TX=RX family) with controller, teach pendant and software. An arm extension for accommodating the data acquisition electronics (DAE).
- An isotropic field probe optimized and calibrated for the targeted measurement.
- A data acquisition electronics (DAE) which performs the signal application, signal multiplexing, AD-conversion, offset measurements, mechanical surface detection, collision detection, etc. The unit is battery powered with standard or rechargeable batteries. The signal is optically transmitted to the EOC.
- The Electro-optical converter (EOC) performs the conversion from optical to electrical signals for the digital communication to the DAE. To use optical surface detection, a special version of the EOC is required. The EOC signal is transmitted to the measurement server.
- The function of the measurement server is to perform the time critical tasks such as signal filtering, control of the robot operation and fast movement interrupts.
- The Light Beam used is for probe alignment. This improves the (absolute) accuracy of the probe positioning.
- A computer running Win7 professional operating system and the DASY52 software.
- Remote control and teach pendant as well as additional circuitry for robot safety such as warning lamps, etc.
- The phantom, the device holder and other accessories according to the targeted measurement.

DASY5 Measurement Server

The DASY5 measurement server is based on a PC/104 CPU board with a 400MHz Intel ULV Celeron, 128MB chip-disk and 128MB RAM. The necessary circuits for communication with the DAE4 (or DAE3) electronics box, as well as the 16 bit AD-converter system for optical detection and digital I/O interface are contained on the DASY5 I/O board, which is directly connected to the PC/104 bus of the CPU board.



The measurement server performs all real-time data evaluation of field measurements and surface detection, controls robot movements and handles safety operation. The PC operating system cannot interfere with these time critical processes. All connections are supervised by a watchdog, and disconnection of any of the cables to the measurement server will automatically disarm the robot and disable all program-controlled robot movements. Furthermore, the measurement server is equipped with an expansion port which is reserved for future applications. Please note that this expansion port does not have a standardized point out, and therefore only devices provided by SPEAG can be connected. Devices from any other supplier could seriously damage the measurement server.

Data Acquisition Electronics

The data acquisition electronics (DAE4) consist of a highly sensitive electrometer-grade preamplifier with auto-zeroing, a channel and gain-switching multiplexer, a fast 16 bit AD-converter and a command decoder with a control logic unit. Transmission to the measurement server is accomplished through an optical downlink for data and status information, as well as an optical uplink for commands and the clock.

The mechanical probe mounting device includes two different sensor systems for frontal and sideways probe contacts. They are used for mechanical surface detection and probe collision detection.

The input impedance of both the DAE4 as well as of the DAE3 box is 200M Ω ; the inputs are symmetrical and floating. Common mode rejection is above 80 dB.

EX3DV4 E-Field Probes

Frequency	4 MHz to - 10 GHz Linearity: ± 0.2 dB (30 MHz to 10 GHz)
Directivity	± 0.1 dB in TSL (rotation around probe axis) ± 0.3 dB in TSL (rotation normal to probe axis)
Dynamic Range	10 μ W/g to > 100 mW/g Linearity: ± 0.2 dB (noise: typically < 1 μ W/g)
Dimensions	Overall length: 337 mm (Tip: 20 mm) Tip diameter: 2.5 mm (Body: 12 mm) Typical distance from probe tip to dipole centers: 1 mm
Application	High precision dosimetric measurements in any exposure scenario (e.g., very strong gradient fields); the only probe that enables compliance testing for frequencies up to 6 GHz with precision of better 30%.
Compatibility	DASY3, DASY4, DASY52, DASY6, DASY8, EASY6, EASY4/MRI

Calibration Frequency Points for EX3DV4 E-Field Probes SN: 7839 Calibrated: 2023/9/21

Calibration Frequency Point(MHz)	Frequency Range(MHz)		Conversion Factor		
	From	To	X	Y	Z
750 Head	650	810	9.95	8.96	8.82
835 Head	810	860	9.55	8.60	8.54
900 Head	860	1000	9.18	8.40	8.42
1750 Head	1650	1810	8.54	7.65	7.43
1900 Head	1810	2000	8.00	7.27	7.03
2300 Head	2200	2399	7.70	7.00	6.80
2450 Head	2399	2500	7.49	6.81	6.61
2600 Head	2500	2700	7.61	6.94	6.73
5250 Head	5140	5360	5.62	5.10	4.97
5600 Head	5490	5675	4.94	4.48	4.39
5750 Head	5675	5860	5.04	4.65	4.62

SAM Twin Phantom

The SAM twin phantom is a fiberglass shell phantom with 2mm shell thickness (except the ear region, where shell thickness

increases to 6 mm). The phantom has three measurement areas:
Left – side of head phantom
Right – side of head phantom
Flat phantom

The phantom table for the DASY systems based on the TX90XL and RX160L robots have the size of 100 x 50 x 85 cm (L x W x H).

The phantom table for the compact DASY systems based on the RX60L robot have the size of 100 x 75 x 91 cm (L x W x H); these tables are reinforced for mounting of the robot onto the table.

Relocation of this table is simplified because of the fork lift cut outs at the bottom.

The bottom plate contains three pairs of bolts for locking the device holder. The device holder positions are adjusted to the standard measurement positions in the three sections. Only one device holder is necessary if two phantoms are used (e.g., for different liquids)

A white cover is provided to cover the phantom during off-periods to prevent water evaporation and changes in the liquid parameters. Free space scans of devices on top of this phantom cover are possible. Three reference marks are provided on the phantom counter. These reference marks are used to teach the absolute phantom position relative to the robot.

Robots

The DASY5 system uses the high precision industrial robots TX90XL from Staubli SA (France). The TX robot family is the successor of the well known RX robot family and offers the same features important for our application:

- High precision (repeatability 0.02mm)
- High reliability (industrial design)
- Low maintenance costs (virtually maintenance free due to direct drive gears; no belt drives)
- Jerk-free straight movements (brushless synchrony motors; no stepper motors)
- Low ELF interference (motor control fields shielded via the closed metallic construction shields)

The above mentioned robots are controlled by the Staubli CS7MB robot controllers. All information regarding the use and maintenance of the robot arm and the robot controller is contained on the CDs delivered along with the robot. Paper manuals are available upon request direct from Staubli.

Area Scans

Area scans are defined prior to the measurement process being executed with a user defined variable spacing between each measurement point (integral) allowing low uncertainty measurements to be conducted. Scans defined for CE applications utilize a 15mm 2 step integral, with 1.5mm interpolation used to locate the peak SAR area used for zoom scan assessments.

Where the system identifies multiple SAR peaks (which are within 25% of peak value) the system will provide the user with the option of assessing each peak location individually for zoom scan averaging.



Zoom Scan (Cube Scan Averaging)

The averaging zoom scan volume utilized in the DASY5 software is in the shape of a cube and the side dimension of a 1 g or 10 g mass is dependent on the density of the liquid representing the simulated tissue. A density of 1000 kg/m³ is used to represent the head and body tissue density and not the phantom liquid density, in order to be consistent with the definition of the liquid dielectric properties, i.e. the side length of the 1g cube is 10mm, with the side length of the 10g cube is 21.5mm.

When the cube intersects with the surface of the phantom, it is oriented so that 3 vertices touch the surface of the shell or the center of a face is tangent to the surface. The face of the cube closest to the surface is modified in order to conform to the tangent surface.

The zoom scan integer steps can be user defined so as to reduce uncertainty, but normal practice for typical test applications utilize a physical step of 7 x 7 x 7 (5mmx5mmx5mm) providing a volume of 30 mm in the X & Y & Z axis.

Tissue Dielectric Parameters for Head and Body Phantoms

The head tissue dielectric parameters recommended by the EN62209-1:2016 have been incorporated in the following table. These head parameters are derived from planar layer models simulating the highest expected SAR for the dielectric properties and tissue thickness variations in a human head. Other head and body tissue parameters recommended in EN 62209-2:2010.

EN62209-1:2016 Recommended Tissue Dielectric Parameters

Table A.3 – Dielectric properties of the head tissue-equivalent liquid

Frequency MHz	Relative permittivity ϵ_r	Conductivity (σ) S/m
300	45,3	0,87
450	43,5	0,87
750	41,9	0,89
835	41,5	0,90
900	41,5	0,97
1 450	40,5	1,20
1 500	40,4	1,23
1 640	40,2	1,31
1 750	40,1	1,37
1 800	40,0	1,40
1 900	40,0	1,40
2 000	40,0	1,40
2 100	39,8	1,49
2 300	39,5	1,67
2 450	39,2	1,80
2 600	39,0	1,96
3 000	38,5	2,40
3 500	37,9	2,91
4 000	37,4	3,43
4 500	36,8	3,94
5 000	36,2	4,45
5 200	36,0	4,66
5 400	35,8	4,86
5 600	35,5	5,07
5 800	35,3	5,27
6 000	35,1	5,48

NOTE For convenience, permittivity and conductivity values at those frequencies which are not part of the original data provided by Drossos et al. [33] or the extension to 5 800 MHz are provided (i.e. the values shown in *italics*). These values were linearly interpolated between the values in this table that are immediately above and below these values, except the values at 6 000 MHz that were linearly extrapolated from the values at 3 000 MHz and 5 800 MHz.

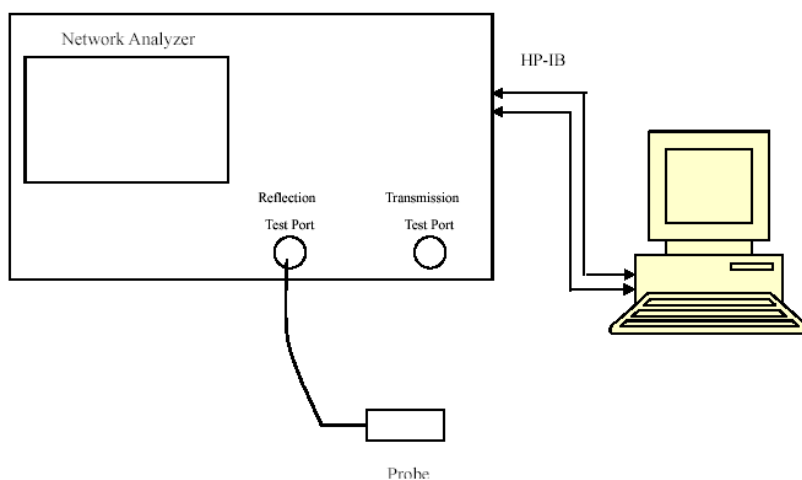
EQUIPMENT LIST AND CALIBRATION

Equipments List & Calibration Information

Equipment	Model	S/N	Calibration Date	Calibration Due Date
DASY5 Test Software	DASY52.10	N/A	NCR	NCR
DASY5 Measurement Server	DASY5 4.5.12	1470	NCR	NCR
Data Acquisition Electronics	DAE4	772	2024/1/23	2025/1/22
E-Field Probe	EX3DV4	7839	2023/9/21	2024/9/20
Mounting Device	MD4HHTV5	SD 000 H01 KA	NCR	NCR
Twin SAM	Twin SAM V5.0	1874	NCR	NCR
Dipole, 2450 MHz	D2450V2	971	2021/6/28	2024/6/27
Dipole,5GHz	D5GHzV2	1246	2022/11/1	2025/10/31
Simulated Tissue Liquid Head	HBBL600-10000V6	SL AAH U16 BC (Batch:220809-1)	Each Time	/
Network Analyzer	8753C	3033A02857	2023/11/18	2024/11/17
Dielectric assessment kit	1253	SM DAK 040 CA	NCR	NCR
synthesized signal generator	8665B	3438a00584	2023/10/18	2024/10/17
EPM Series Power Meter	E4419B	MY45103907	2023/10/18	2024/10/17
Power Amplifier	ZVE-6W-83+	637202210	NCR	NCR
Directional Coupler	441493	520Z	NCR	NCR
Attenuator	20dB, 100W	LN749	NCR	NCR
Attenuator	6dB, 150W	2754	NCR	NCR
Hygrothermograph	HTC-2	EM072	2023/11/6	2024/11/5
Thermometer	DTM3000	3635	2023/8/11	2024/8/10

SAR MEASUREMENT SYSTEM VERIFICATION

Liquid Verification



Liquid Verification Setup Block Diagram

Liquid Verification Results

Frequency (MHz)	Liquid Type	Liquid Parameter		Target Value		Delta(%)		Tolerance (%)
		ϵ_r	σ (S/m)	ϵ_r	σ (S/m)	$\Delta \epsilon_r$	$\Delta \sigma$	
2412	Simulated Tissue Liquid Head	40.454	1.796	39.28	1.77	2.99	1.47	± 5
2442	Simulated Tissue Liquid Head	40.365	1.828	39.22	1.79	2.92	2.12	± 5
2450	Simulated Tissue Liquid Head	40.341	1.839	39.2	1.8	2.91	2.17	± 5
2472	Simulated Tissue Liquid Head	40.287	1.872	39.17	1.82	2.85	2.86	± 5

*Liquid Verification above was performed on 2024/04/20.

Frequency (MHz)	Liquid Type	Liquid Parameter		Target Value		Delta (%)		Tolerance (%)
		ϵ_r	σ (S/m)	ϵ_r	σ (S/m)	$\Delta \epsilon_r$	$\Delta \sigma$ (S/m)	
5180	Simulated Tissue Liquid Head	35.962	4.651	36.02	4.64	-0.16	0.24	± 5
5200	Simulated Tissue Liquid Head	35.586	4.686	36	4.66	-1.15	0.56	± 5
5240	Simulated Tissue Liquid Head	35.452	4.723	35.96	4.7	-1.41	0.49	± 5
5250	Simulated Tissue Liquid Head	35.304	4.719	35.95	4.71	-1.8	0.19	± 5

*Liquid Verification above was performed on 2024/04/20.

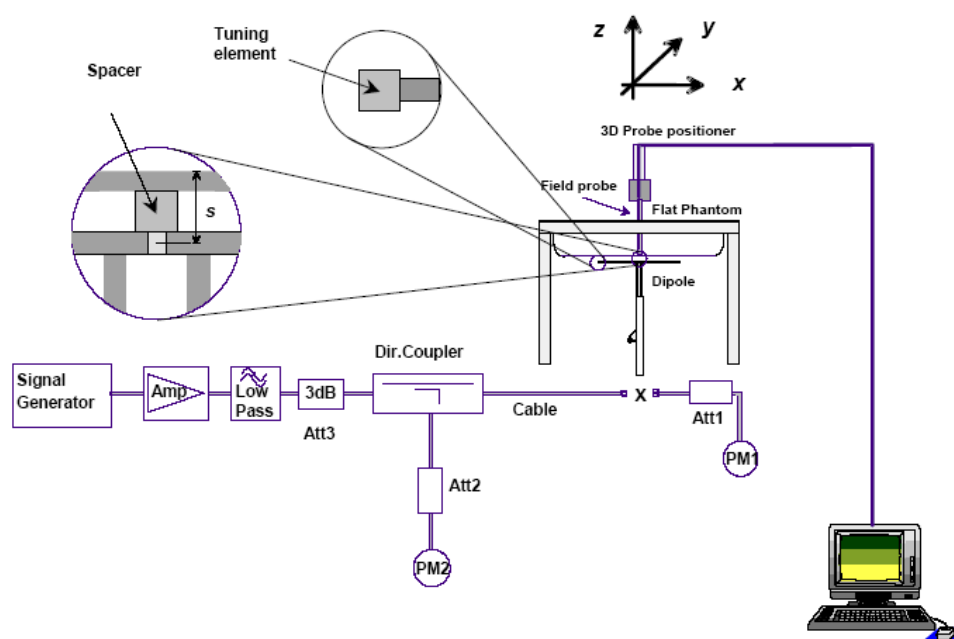
System Accuracy Verification

Prior to the assessment, the system validation kit was used to test whether the system was operating within its specifications of $\pm 10\%$. The validation results are tabulated below. And also the corresponding SAR plot is attached as well in the SAR plots files.

The spacing distances in the **System Verification Setup Block Diagram** is given by the following:

- $s = 15 \text{ mm} \pm 0,2 \text{ mm}$ for $300 \text{ MHz} \leq f \leq 1\,000 \text{ MHz}$;
- $s = 10 \text{ mm} \pm 0,2 \text{ mm}$ for $1\,000 \text{ MHz} < f \leq 3\,000 \text{ MHz}$;
- $s = 10 \text{ mm} \pm 0,2 \text{ mm}$ for $3\,000 \text{ MHz} < f \leq 6\,000 \text{ MHz}$.

System Verification Setup Block Diagram



System Accuracy Check Results

Date	Frequency Band	Liquid Type	Input Power (mW)	Measured SAR (W/kg)	Normalized to 1W (W/kg)	Target Value (W/kg)	Delta (%)	Tolerance (%)
2024/04/20	2450 MHz	Simulated Tissue Liquid Head	100	10g 2.28	22.8	24.2	-5.79	± 10
2024/04/20	5250 MHz	Simulated Tissue Liquid Head	100	10g 2.30	23	22	4.55	± 10

*The SAR values above are normalized to 1 Watt forward power.

EN62209-1:2016 recommended reference value for Head Tissue

Frequency (MHz)	1 g SAR (W/Kg)	10 g SAR (W/Kg)	Local SAR at surface (above feed point)	Local SAR at surface (y=2cm offset from feed point)
300	3.0	2.0	4.4	2.1
450	4.9	3.3	7.2	3.2
835	9.5	6.2	14.1	4.9
900	10.8	6.9	16.4	5.4
1450	29.0	16.0	50.2	6.5
1800	38.1	19.8	69.5	6.8
1900	39.7	20.5	72.1	6.6
2000	41.1	21.1	74.6	6.5
2450	52.4	24.0	104.2	7.7
3000	63.8	25.7	140.2	9.5

SAR SYSTEM VALIDATION DATA

System Performance 2450MHz Head

DUT: D2450V2; Type: 2450 MHz; Serial: 971

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 2450 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used : $f = 2450$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.839$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 40.341$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7839; ConvF(7.49, 6.81, 6.61) @ 2450 MHz; Calibrated: 2023/9/21
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn772; Calibrated: 2024/1/23
- Phantom: SAM (30deg probe tilt) with CRP v5.0_20150321; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1874
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (2); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.12 (7470)

Area Scan (6x9x1): Measurement grid: dx=12mm, dy=12mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 5.21 W/kg

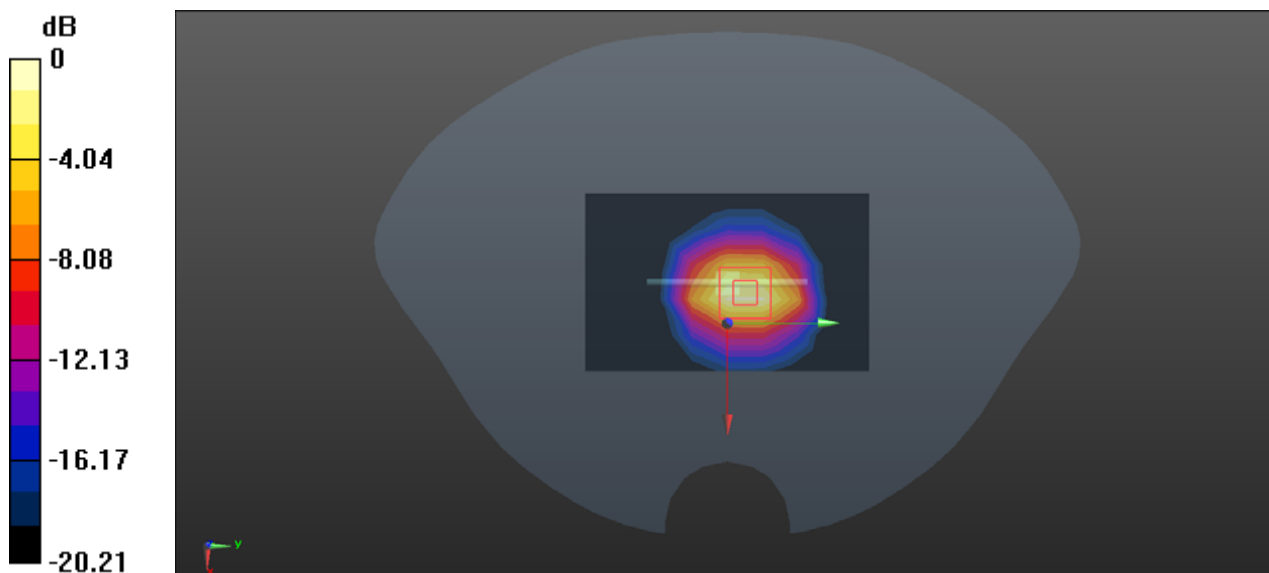
Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 51.56 V/m; Power Drift = -0.12 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 9.83 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 4.92 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.28 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 6.36 W/kg



0 dB = 6.36 W/kg = 8.03 dBW/kg

System Performance 5250 MHz Head**DUT: D5GHzV2; Type: 5250 MHz; Serial: 1246**

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 5250 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used: $f = 5250$ MHz; $\sigma = 4.719$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 35.304$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7839; ConvF(5.62, 5.1, 4.97) @ 5250 MHz; Calibrated: 2023/9/21
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn772; Calibrated: 2024/1/23
- Phantom: SAM (30deg probe tilt) with CRP v5.0_20150321; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1874
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (2); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.12 (7470)

Area Scan (7x8x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 20.7 W/kg

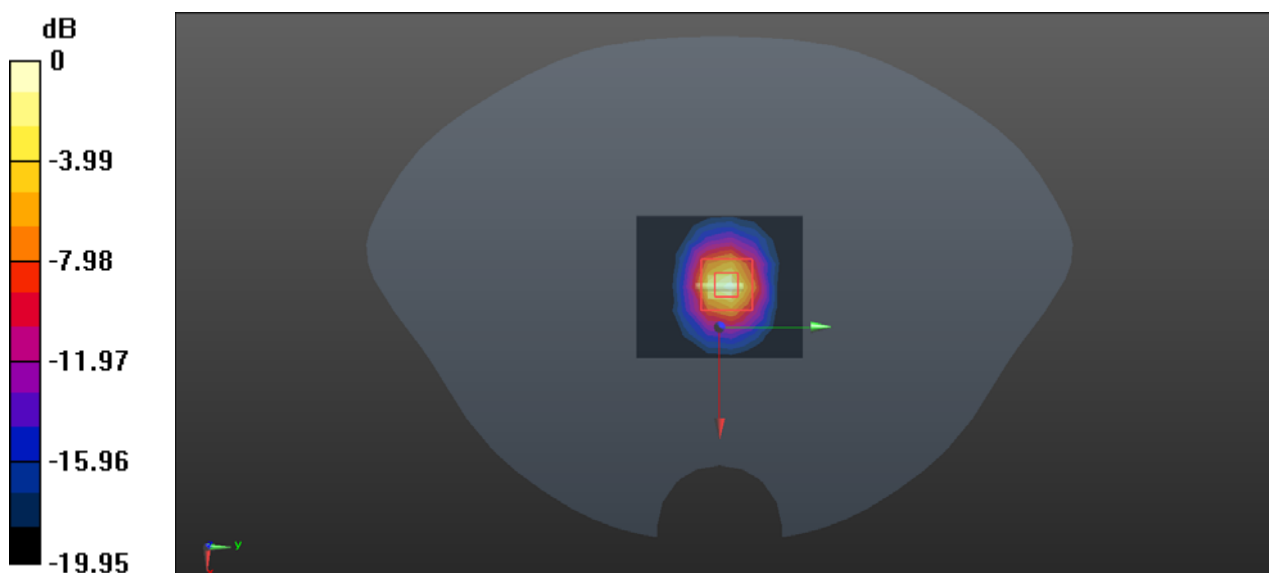
Zoom Scan (7x7x16)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=2mm

Reference Value = 49.39 V/m; Power Drift = -0.17 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 32.5 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 8.18 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.3 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 22.1 W/kg



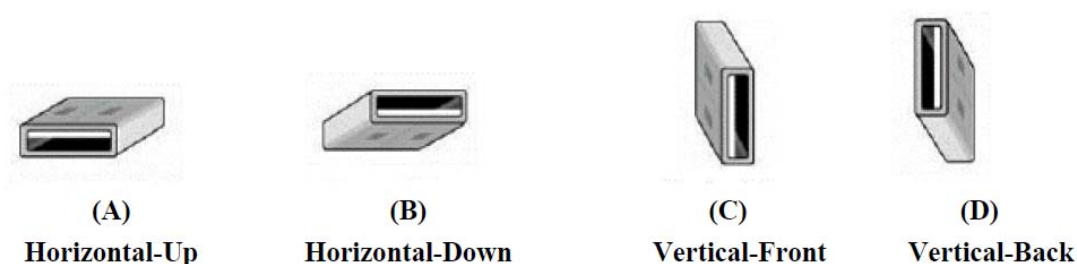
0 dB = 22.1 W/kg = 13.44 dBW/kg

EUT TEST STRATEGY AND METHODOLOGY

Test positions for USB dongle Device.

Test all USB orientations [see below: (A) Horizontal-Up, (B) Horizontal-Down, (C) Vertical-Front, and (D) Vertical-Back] with a device-to-phantom separation distance of 5 mm or less.

These test orientations are intended for the exposure conditions found in typical laptop/notebook/netbook or tablet computers with either horizontal or vertical USB connector configurations at various locations in the keyboard section of the computer. Current generation portable host computers should be used to establish the required SAR measurement separation distance. The same test separation distance must be used to test all frequency bands and modes in each USB orientation.



Note: These are USB connector orientations on laptop computers; USB dongles have the reverse configuration for plugging into the corresponding laptop computers.

Test Distance for SAR Evaluation

For Body Worn mode(10g Body SAR) the EUT is set 5mm away from the phantom, the test distance is 5mm.

SAR Evaluation Procedure

The evaluation was performed with the following procedure:

Step 1: Measurement of the SAR value at a fixed location above the ear point or central position was used as a reference value for assessing the power drop. The SAR at this point is measured at the start of the test and then again at the end of the testing.

Step 2: The SAR distribution at the exposed side of the head was measured at a distance of 4 mm from the inner surface of the shell. The area covered the entire dimension of the head or radiating structures of the EUT, the horizontal grid spacing was 15 mm x 15 mm, and the SAR distribution was determined by integrated grid of 1.5mm x 1.5mm. Based on these data, the area of the maximum absorption was determined by spline interpolation. The first Area Scan covers the entire dimension of the EUT to ensure that the hotspot was correctly identified.

Step 3: Around this point, a volume of 30 mm x 30 mm x 30 mm was assessed by measuring 7x 7 x 7 points. On the basis of this data set, the spatial peak SAR value was evaluated under the following procedure:

- 1) The data at the surface were extrapolated, since the center of the dipoles is 1.2 mm away from the tip of the probe and the distance between the surface and the lowest measuring point is 1.3 mm. The extrapolation was based on a least square algorithm. A polynomial of the fourth order was calculated through the points in z-axes. This polynomial was then used to evaluate the points between the surface and the probe tip.

- 2) The maximum interpolated value was searched with a straightforward algorithm. Around this maximum the SAR values averaged over the spatial volumes (1 g or 10 g) were computed by the 3D-Spline interpolation algorithm. The 3D-Spline is composed of three one dimensional splines with the "Not a knot"-condition (in x, y and z-directions). The volume was integrated with the trapezoidal-algorithm. One thousand points (10 x 10 x 10) were interpolated to calculate the averages.

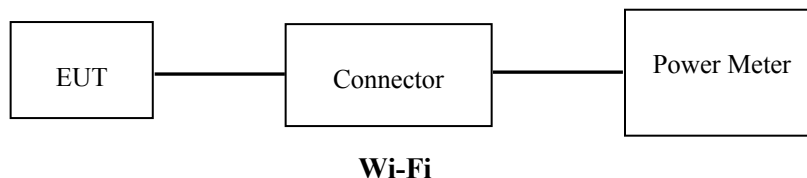
All neighboring volumes were evaluated until no neighboring volume with a higher average value was found.

Step 4: Re-measurement of the SAR value at the same location as in Step 1. If the value changed by more than 5%, the evaluation was repeated.

CONDUCTED OUTPUT POWER MEASUREMENT

Test Procedure

The RF output of the transmitter was connected to the input port of the Power Meter through Connector.



Maximum Target Output Power

Max Target Power(dBm)			
Mode/Band	Channel		
	Low	Middle	High
Wi-Fi 2.4G (802.11b)	18	18	18
Wi-Fi 2.4G (802.11g)	18	18	18
Wi-Fi 2.4G (802.11n ht20)	18	18	18
Wi-Fi 2.4G (802.11n ht40)	18	18	18
Wi-Fi 2.4G (802.11ax20)	18	18	18
Wi-Fi 2.4G (802.11ax40)	18	18	18
Wi-Fi 5.2G (802.11a)	17	17	17
Wi-Fi 5.2G (802.11 n20)	17	17	17
Wi-Fi 5.2G (802.11 n40)	17	/	17
Wi-Fi 5.2G (802.11 ac20)	17	17	17
Wi-Fi 5.2G (802.11 ac40)	17	/	17
Wi-Fi 5.2G (802.11 ac80)	/	17	/
Wi-Fi 5.2G (802.11 ax20)	17	17	17
Wi-Fi 5.2G (802.11 ax40)	17	/	17
Wi-Fi 5.2G (802.11 ax80)	/	17	/

Test Results:**WLAN 2.4G:**

Mode	Channel frequency (MHz)	Data Rate	Conducted Output Power(dBm)
802.11b	2412	1Mbps	17.83
	2437		17.76
	2462		17.55
802.11g	2412	6Mbps	17.33
	2437		17.81
	2462		17.4
802.11n ht20	2412	MCS0	17.18
	2437		17.75
	2462		17.27
802.11n ht40	2422	MCS0	17.08
	2437		17.64
	2452		17.01
802.11ax20	2412	MCS0	17.19
	2437		17.62
	2462		17.18
802.11ax40	2422	MCS0	17.1
	2437		17.67
	2452		17.07

WLAN 5.2G:

Mode	Channel frequency (MHz)	Data Rate	Conducted Output Power(dBm)
802.11a	5180	6Mbps	16.62
	5200		16.98
	5240		16.75
802.11n20	5180	MCS0	16.77
	5200		16.71
	5240		16.65
802.11n40	5190	MCS0	16.96
	5230		16.81
802.11ac20	5180	MCS0	16.72
	5200		16.64
	5240		16.59
802.11ac40	5190	MCS0	16.74
	5230		16.67
802.11ac80	5210	MCS0	16.55
802.11ax20	5180	MCS0	16.51
	5200		16.42
	5240		16.38
802.11ax40	5190	MCS0	16.81
	5230		16.73
802.11ax80	5210	MCS0	16.53

SAR MEASUREMENT RESULTS

This page summarizes the results of the performed dosimetric evaluation.

Test Results:

Environmental Conditions:

Temperature:	22.7-23.9℃
Relative Humidity:	56%
ATM Pressure:	99.9 kPa
Test Date:	2024/04/20

Testing was performed by Rain Yu, Wen Wang, Mark Dong.

Wi-Fi 2.4G:

EUT Position	Frequency (MHz)	Test Mode	Max. Meas. Power (dBm)	Max. Rated Power (dBm)	10g SAR (W/kg)				
					Scaled Factor	Meas. SAR	Scaled SAR	Limit	Plot
Horizontal-Up (5mm)	2412	802.11b	17.83	18	1.04	0.240	0.250	2	/
	2442	802.11b	17.76	18	1.057	0.392	0.414	2	1#
	2472	802.11b	17.55	18	1.109	0.285	0.316	2	/
Horizontal-Down (5mm)	2412	802.11b	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
	2442	802.11b	17.76	18	1.057	0.362	0.383	2	/
	2472	802.11b	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
Vertical-Front (5mm)	2412	802.11b	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
	2442	802.11b	17.76	18	1.057	0.216	0.228	2	/
	2472	802.11b	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
Vertical-Back with extension cable (5mm)	2412	802.11b	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
	2442	802.11b	17.76	18	1.057	0.164	0.173	2	/
	2472	802.11b	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
Body Top (5mm)	2412	802.11b	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
	2442	802.11b	17.76	18	1.057	0.171	0.181	2	/
	2472	802.11b	/	/	/	/	/	/	/

Note:

1. When the 10-g SAR is less than half of the limit, testing for low and high channel is optional.
2. For 802.11b mode power is the largest mode of 802.11b/g/n/ax, 802.11 b mode is selected to test.
3. USB cable does not affect the transmitter's radiation characteristics and output power, and less than 12 inches.

Wi-Fi 5.2G:

EUT Position	Frequency (MHz)	Test Mode	Max. Meas. Power (dBm)	Max. Rated Power (dBm)	10g SAR (W/kg)				
					Scaled Factor	Meas. SAR	Scaled SAR	Limit	Plot
Horizontal-Up (5mm)	5180	802.11a	16.62	17	1.091	0.071	0.077	2	/
	5200	802.11a	16.98	17	1.005	0.103	0.104	2	2#
	5240	802.11a	16.75	17	1.059	0.088	0.093	2	/
Horizontal-Down (5mm)	5180	802.11a	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
	5200	802.11a	16.98	17	1.005	0.086	0.086	2	/
	5240	802.11a	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
Vertical-Front (5mm)	5180	802.11a	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
	5200	802.11a	16.98	17	1.005	0.070	0.07	2	/
	5240	802.11a	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
Vertical-Back with extension cable (5mm)	5180	802.11a	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
	5200	802.11a	16.98	17	1.005	0.023	0.023	2	/
	5240	802.11a	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
Body Top (5mm)	5180	802.11a	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
	5200	802.11a	16.98	17	1.005	0.021	0.021	2	/
	5240	802.11a	/	/	/	/	/	/	/

Note:

1. When the 10-g SAR is less than half of the limit, testing for low and high channel is optional.
2. For 802.11a mode power is the largest mode of 802.11a/n/ac/ax, 802.11 a mode is selected to test.
3. USB cable does not affect the transmitter's radiation characteristics and output power, and less than 12 inches.

SAR SIMULTANEOUS TRANSMISSION DESCRIPTION

Simultaneous Transmission:

Description of Simultaneous Transmit Capabilities	
Transmitter Combination	Simultaneous?
Wi-Fi 2.4G + Wi-Fi 5.2G	×

SAR Plots

Test Plots 1#:Wi-Fi 2.4G_Horizontal-Up_Mid

DUT: AX900 Wi-Fi 6 Wireless USB Adapter; Type: U11; Serial: 2J0L-1

Communication System: 802.11b; Frequency: 2442 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used: $f = 2442$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.828$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 40.365$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7839; ConvF(7.49, 6.81, 6.61) @ 2442 MHz; Calibrated: 2023/9/21
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn772; Calibrated: 2024/1/23
- Phantom: SAM (30deg probe tilt) with CRP v5.0_20150321; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1874
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (2); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.12 (7470)

Area Scan (7x9x1): Measurement grid: dx=12mm, dy=12mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.858 W/kg

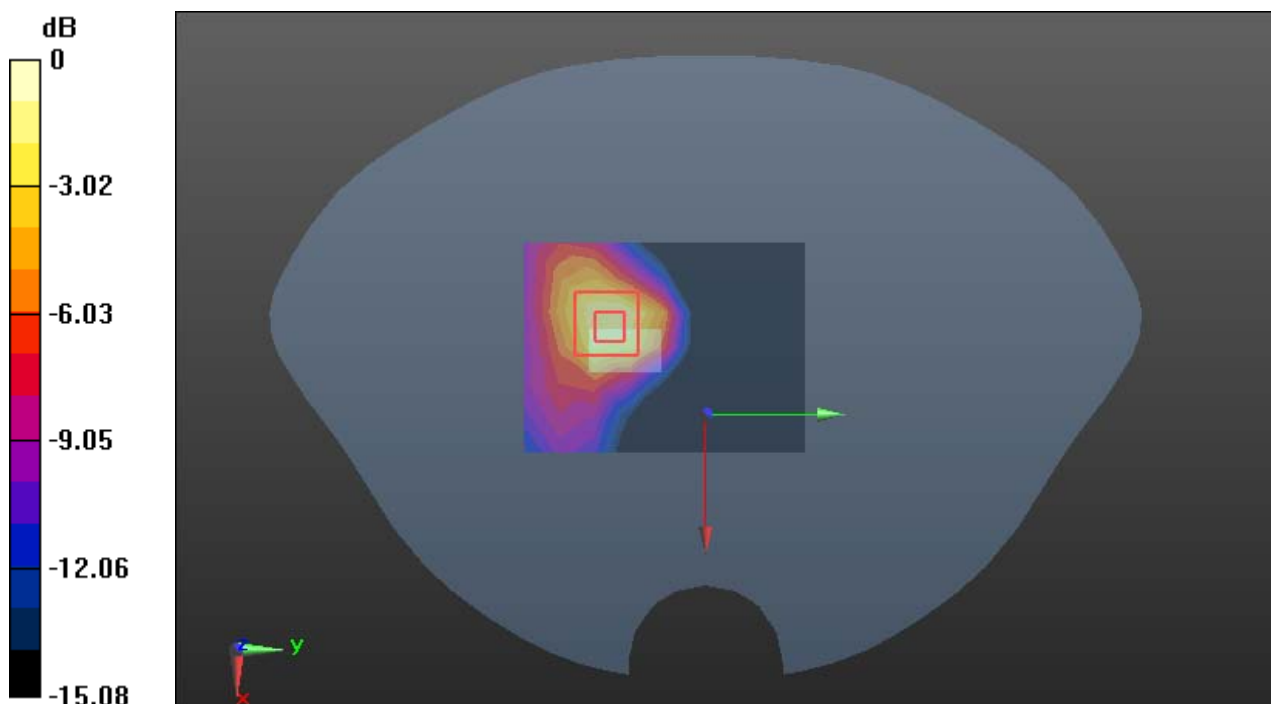
Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 1.840 V/m; Power Drift = 0.08 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.64 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.821 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.392 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.07 W/kg



$$0 \text{ dB} = 1.07 \text{ W/kg} = 0.29 \text{ dBW/kg}$$

Test Plots 2#:5.2G Wi-Fi_Horizontal-Up_Mid**DUT: AX900 Wi-Fi 6 Wireless USB Adapter; Type: U11; Serial: 2J0L-1**

Communication System: 802.11 a; Frequency: 5200 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used: $f = 5200$ MHz; $\sigma = 4.686$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 35.586$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7839; ConvF(5.62, 5.1, 4.97) @ 5200 MHz; Calibrated: 2023/9/21
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn772; Calibrated: 2024/1/23
- Phantom: SAM (30deg probe tilt) with CRP v5.0_20150321; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1874
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (2); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.12 (7470)

Area Scan (7x8x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.588 W/kg

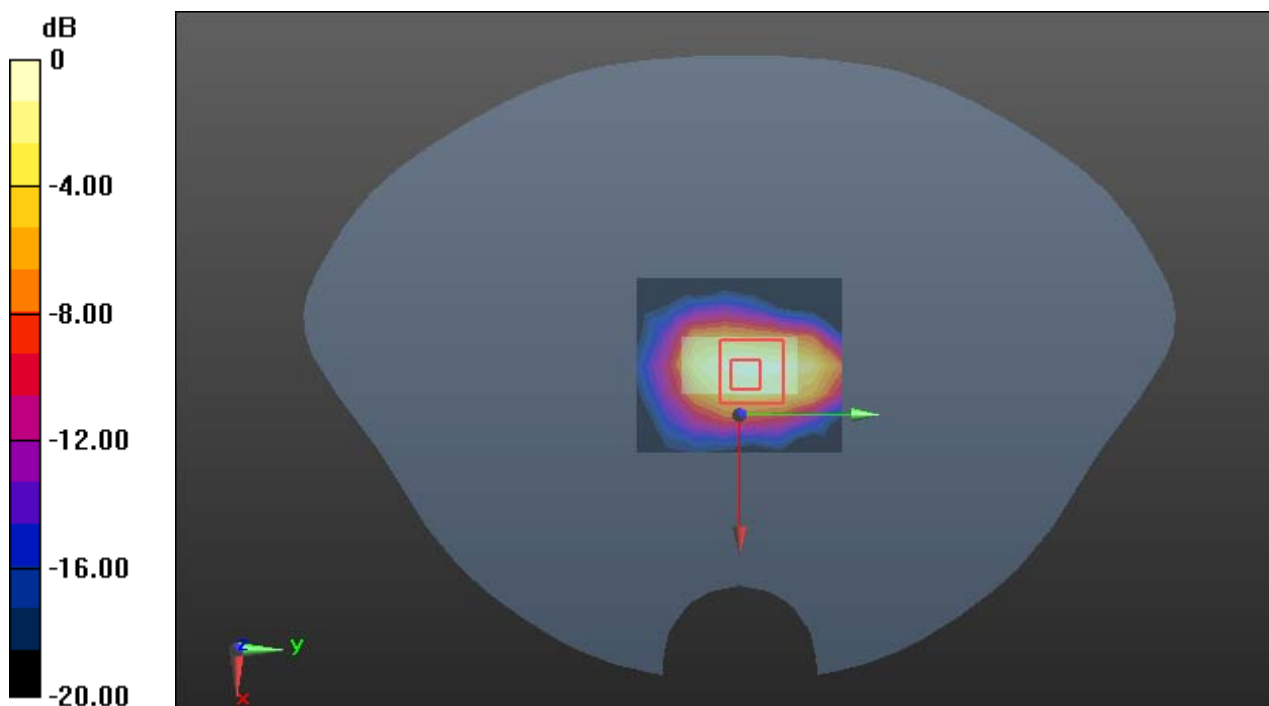
Zoom Scan (8x8x6)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=2mm

Reference Value = 11.57 V/m; Power Drift = 0.12 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.04 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.292 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.103 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.646 W/kg



0 dB = 0.646 W/kg = -1.90 dBW/kg

APPENDIX A MEASUREMENT UNCERTAINTY

The uncertainty budget has been determined for the measurement system and is given in the following Table.

Measurement uncertainty evaluation for EN62209-1 SAR test

Source of uncertainty	Tolerance/ uncertainty ± %	Probability distribution	Divisor	ci (1 g)	ci (10 g)	Standard uncertainty ± %, (1 g)	Standard uncertainty ± %, (10 g)
Measurement system							
Probe calibration	6.55	N	1	1	1	6.6	6.6
Axial Isotropy	4.7	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	2.7	2.7
Hemispherical Isotropy	9.6	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0	0	0.0	0.0
Boundary effect	1.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.6	0.6
Linearity	4.7	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	2.7	2.7
Detection limits	1.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.6	0.6
Readout electronics	0.3	N	1	1	1	0.3	0.3
Response time	0.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.0	0.0
Integration time	0.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.0	0.0
RF ambient conditions – noise	1.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.6	0.6
RF ambient conditions–reflections	1.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.6	0.6
Probe positioner mech. Restrictions	0.8	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.5	0.5
Probe positioning with respect to phantom shell	6.7	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	3.9	3.9
Post-processing	2.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	1.2	1.2
Test sample related							
Test sample positioning	2.8	N	1	1	1	2.8	2.8
Device holder uncertainty	6.3	N	1	1	1	6.3	6.3
Drift of output power	5.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	2.9	2.9
Phantom and set-up							
Phantom uncertainty (shape and thickness tolerances)	4.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	2.3	2.3
Liquid conductivity target)	5.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0.64	0.43	1.8	1.2
Liquid conductivity meas.)	2.5	N	1	0.64	0.43	1.6	1.1
Liquid permittivity target)	5.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0.6	0.49	1.7	1.4
Liquid permittivity meas.)	2.5	N	1	0.6	0.49	1.5	1.2
Combined standard uncertainty		RSS				12.2	12.0
Expanded uncertainty 95 % confidence interval)						24.3	23.9

Measurement uncertainty evaluation for EN62209-2 SAR test

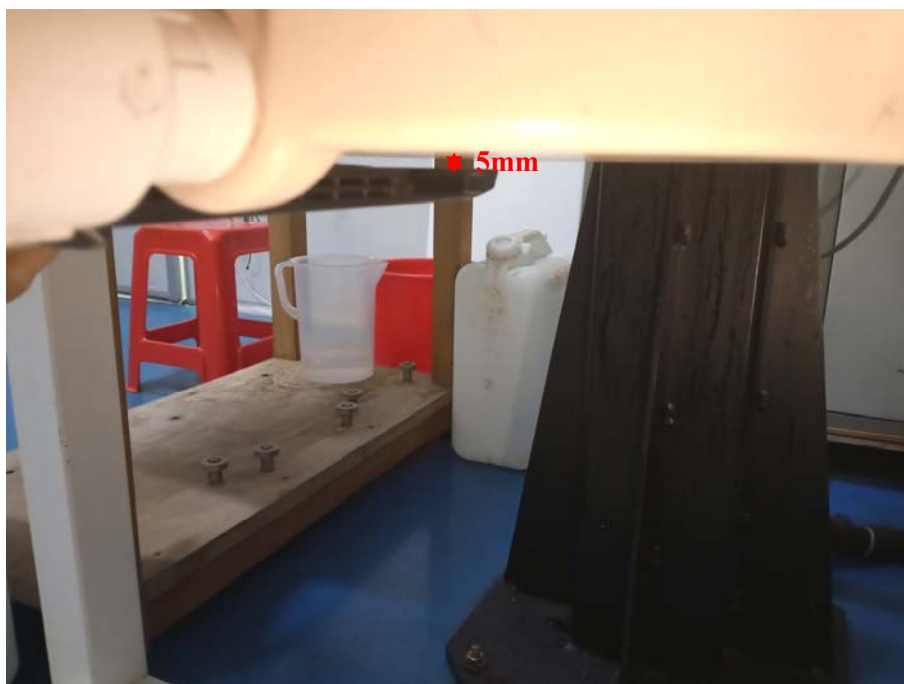
Source of uncertainty	Tolerance/ uncertainty ± %	Probability distribution	Divisor	ci (1 g)	ci (10 g)	Standard uncertainty ± %, (1 g)	Standard uncertainty ± %, (10 g)
Measurement system							
Probe calibration	6.55	N	1	1	1	6.6	6.6
Axial Isotropy	4.7	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	2.7	2.7
Hemispherical Isotropy	9.6	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0	0	0.0	0.0
Linearity	4.7	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	2.7	2.7
Modulation Response	0.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.0	0.0
Detection limits	1.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.6	0.6
Boundary effect	1.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.6	0.6
Readout electronics	0.3	N	1	1	1	0.3	0.3
Response time	0.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.0	0.0
Integration time	0.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.0	0.0
RF ambient conditions – noise	1.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.6	0.6
RF ambient conditions–reflections	1.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.6	0.6
Probe positioner mech. Restrictions	0.8	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.5	0.5
Probe positioning with respect to phantom shell	6.7	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	3.9	3.9
Post-processing	2.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	1.2	1.2
Test sample related							
Device holder Uncertainty	6.3	N	1	1	1	6.3	6.3
Test sample positioning	2.8	N	1	1	1	2.8	2.8
Power scaling	4.5	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	2.6	2.6
Drift of output power	5.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	2.9	2.9
Phantom and set-up							
Phantom uncertainty (shape and thickness tolerances)	4.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	2.3	2.3
Algorithm for correcting SAR for deviations in permittivity and conductivity	1.9	N	1	1	0.84	1.1	0.9
Liquid conductivity (meas.)	2.5	N	1	0.64	0.43	1.6	1.1
Liquid permittivity (meas.)	2.5	N	1	0.6	0.49	1.5	1.2
Temp. unc. - Conductivity	1.7	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0.78	0.71	0.8	0.7
Temp. unc. - Permittivity	0.3	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0.23	0.26	0.0	0.0
Combined standard uncertainty		RSS				12.2	12.1
Expanded uncertainty 95 % confidence interval)						24.5	24.2

APPENDIX B EUT TEST POSITION PHOTOS

Liquid depth $\geq 15\text{cm}$



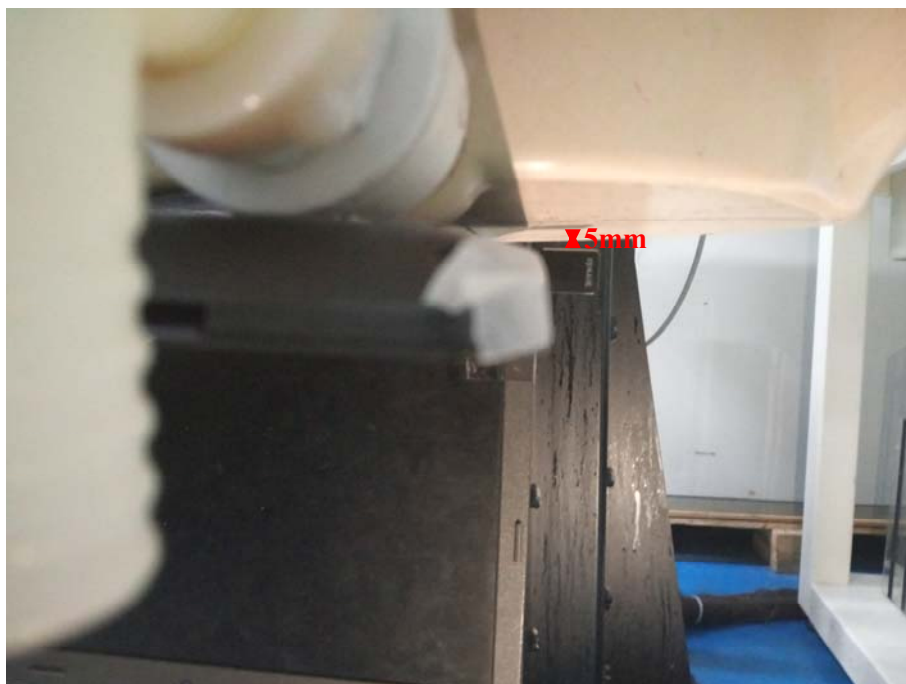
Horizontal-Up Setup Photo(5 mm)



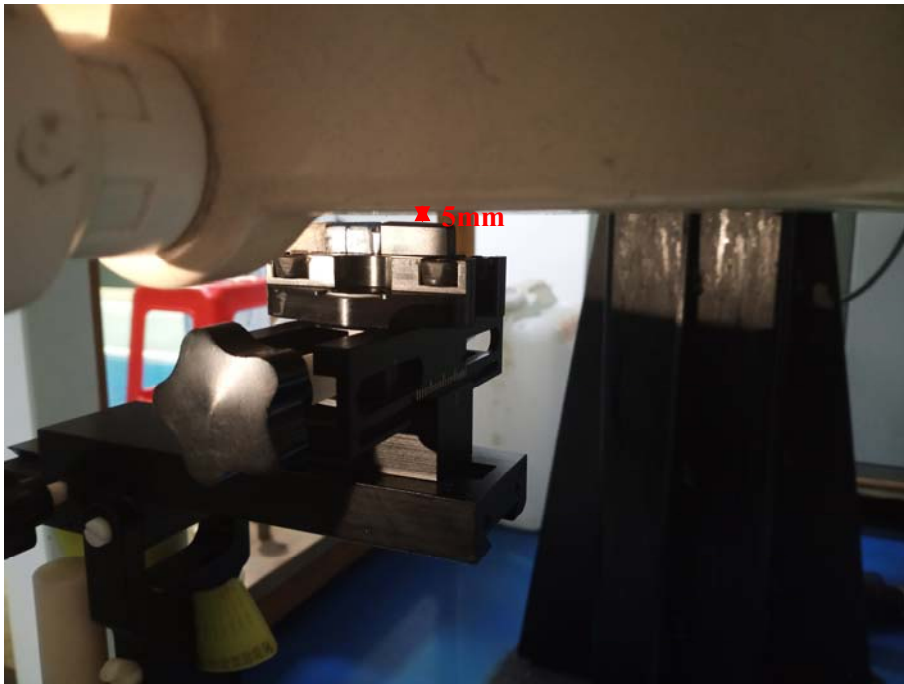
Horizontal-Down Setup Photo(5 mm)



Vertical-Front Setup Photo(5 mm)



Vertical-Back With Extension Cable Setup Photo(5 mm)

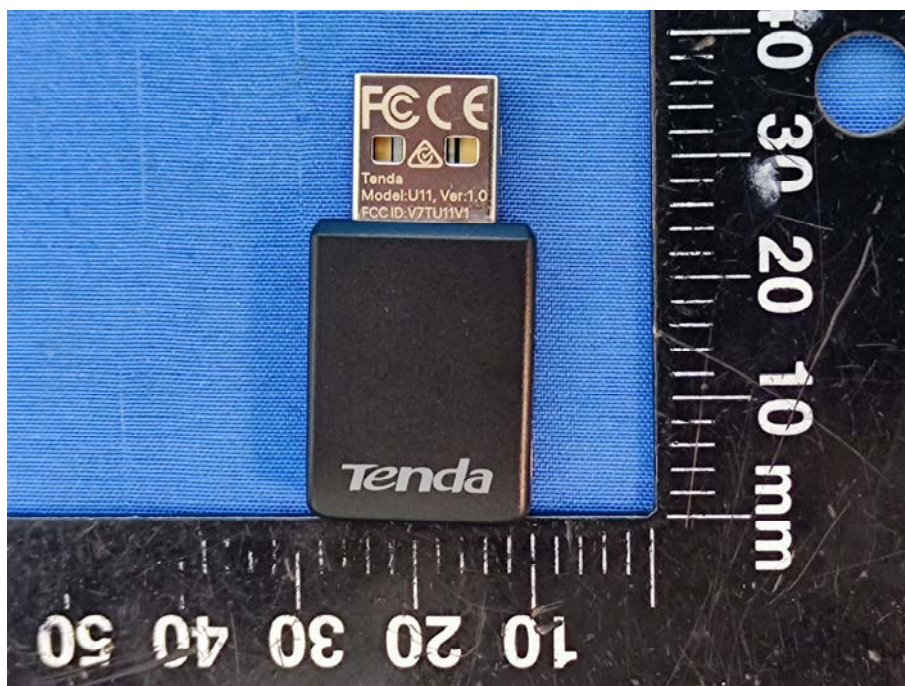


Body Top Setup Photo(5 mm)

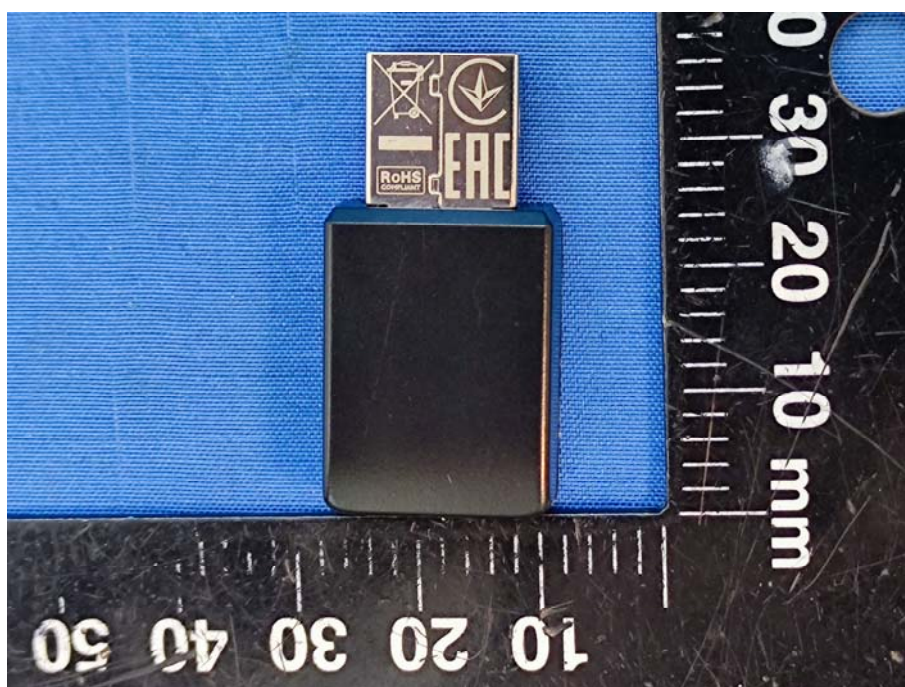


APPENDIX C EUT PHOTOS

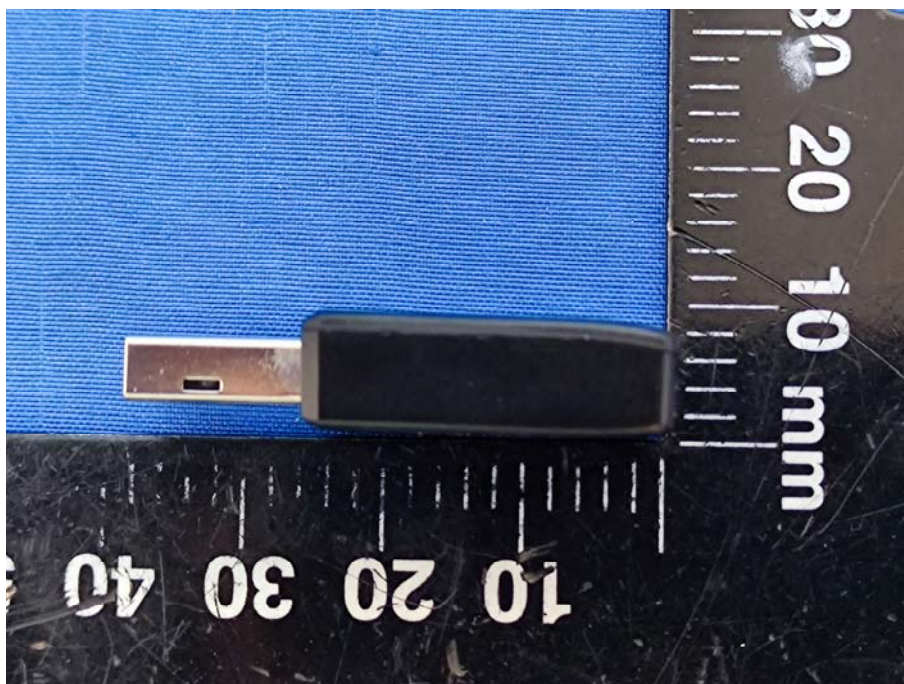
EUT – Front View



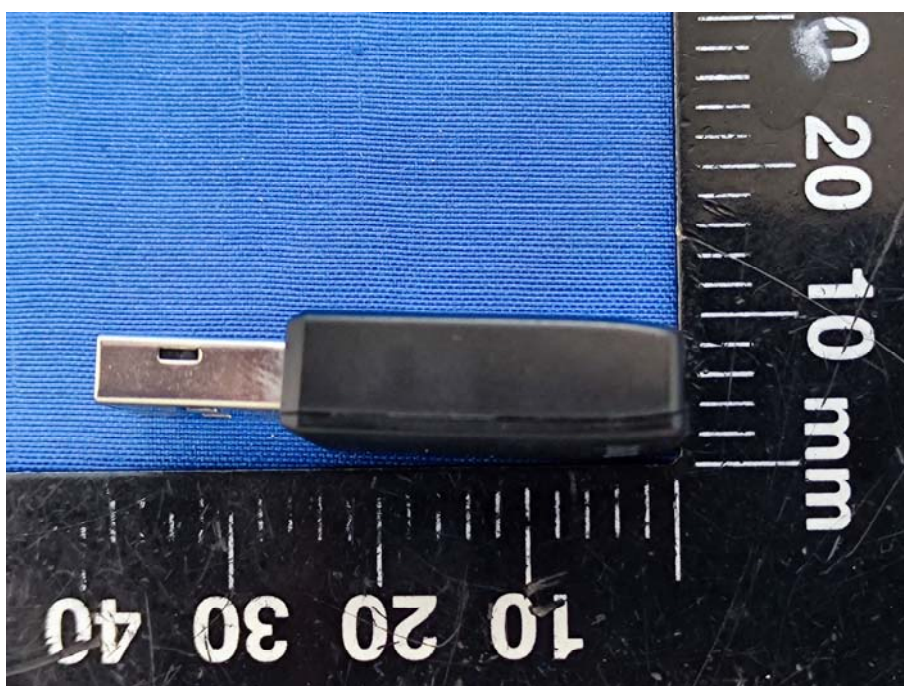
EUT –Back View



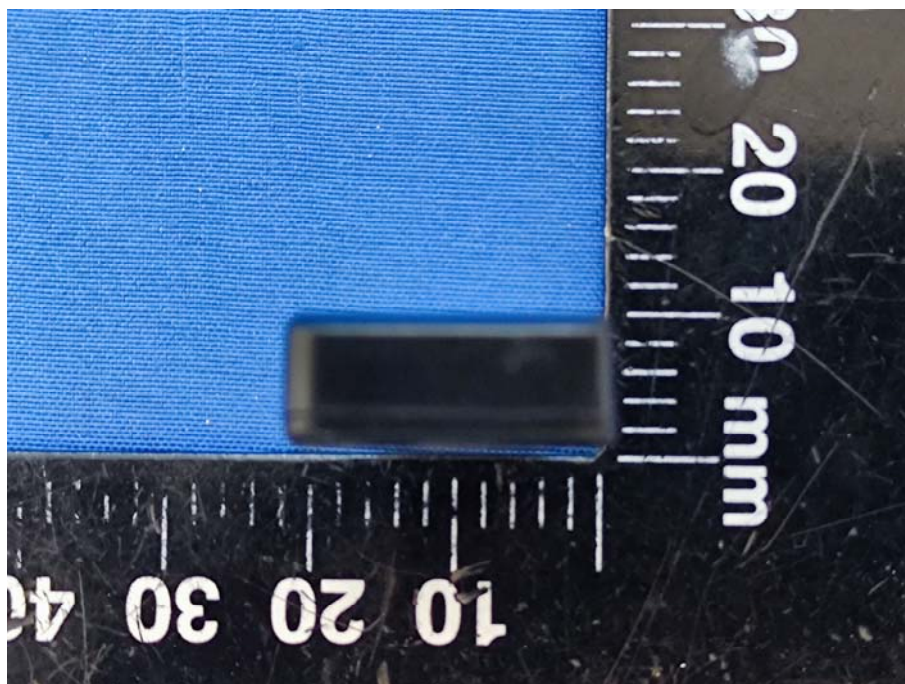
EUT – Side View-1



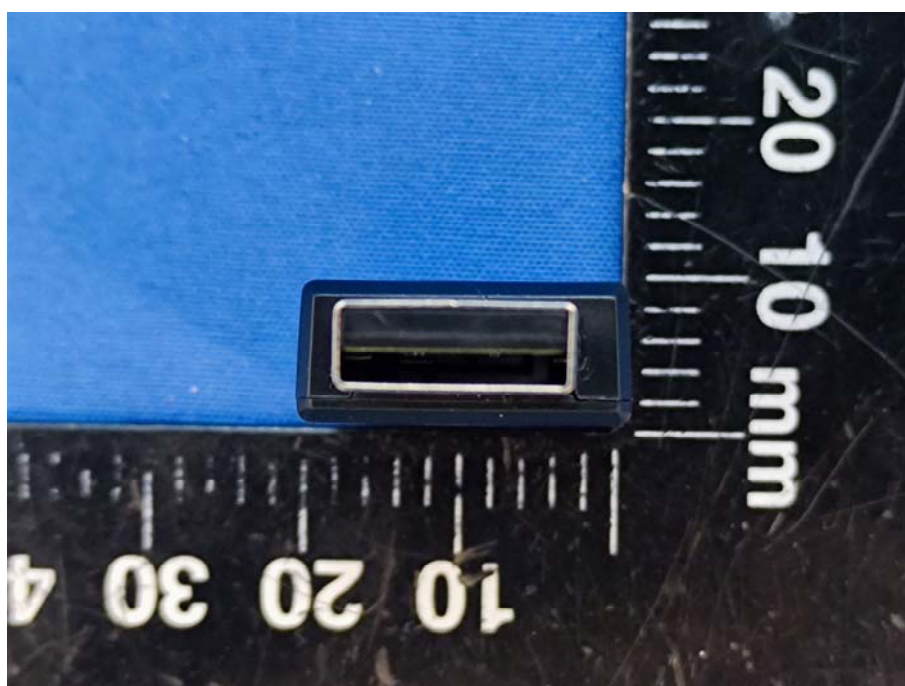
EUT – Side View-2



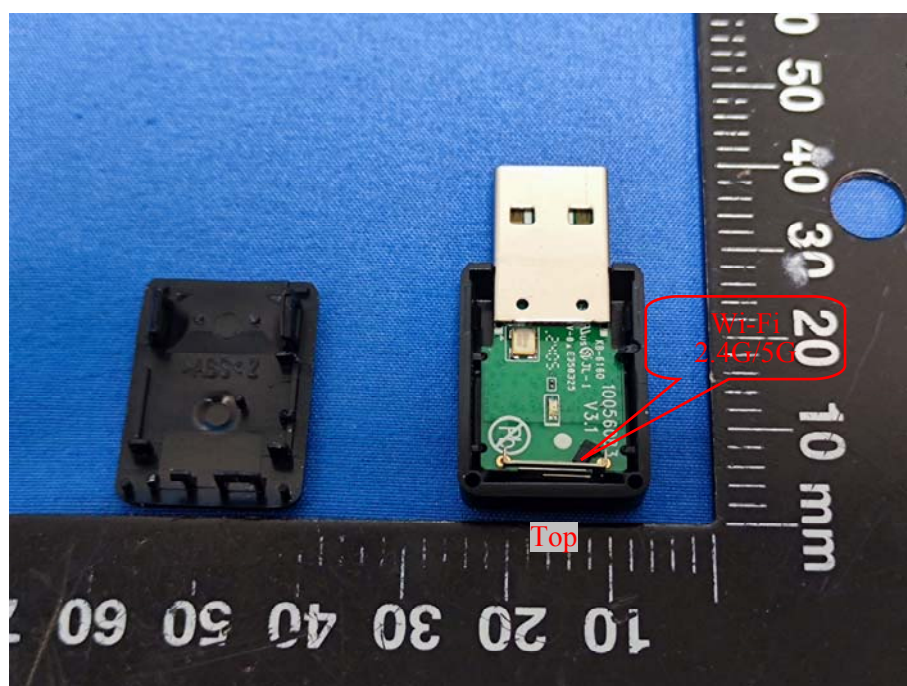
EUT – Side View-3



EUT – Side View-4



EUT –Antenna View



APPENDIX D CALIBRATION CERTIFICATES

Please Refer to the Attachment.

Declarations

1. The information marked ▲ is provided by the applicant, the laboratory is not responsible for its authenticity and this information can affect the validity of the result in the test report.
2. Unless otherwise stated the results shown in this test report refer only to the sample(s) tested.
3. Otherwise required by the applicant or Product Regulations, Decision Rule in this report did not consider the uncertainty.
4. The extended uncertainty given in this report is obtained by combining the standard uncertainty times the coverage factor K with the 95% confidence interval.
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